Instruct others, and unless the morals of the proceptor be unexcep-tionable; his scholars will be much better instructed in the rudiments of vice, than of decial learning. Your momer allists therefore, in urg-ing an observance of the faith of the state, are dilvocating its best interests, and recommending that course of policy which the state, if not bound, ought voluntarily to adopt.

If any objection to the prayer of

the incinorialists should be found to exist in the present state of the treasury, your memorialists in an-awer to it would observe, that the state is now much more able to pay the donation, than it was at the time the pledge was given that the funds which were specifically pledged, are ample, cannot, but at the expense of public faith, be applied to any other purpose that the difficulties and embarrassments of a state are often produced, but are not to be removed, by a disregard of its engagements; and further, that appropriations already made by the Legislature, will not allow your memorialists to doubt, that in the opinion of its members, the state is very able to contribute towards any useful institution, which requires its pecuniary assistance. It would be in the highest degree unworthy of the Legislature to say, that although it can afford to be generous, it cannot afford to be just-that its acts of charity leave it without the ability or inclination to discharge well founded claims.

Your memorialists have further to observe, that in the bill for endowing the College, it was evidently, and for obvious reasons, the intention and wish of the General Assembly, that the scat of government should be selected as the place for the College, and that in fixing upon this place, the trustees rightly judged that the benevolent objects of all who contributed to its foundation would be most likely to be answercd. The College flourished for several years; the students were numerous, and collected from all parts of this, as well as from other states, and yet were never guilty of the riots) and general disturbances which other seminaries of learning have had to deplore. The most sanguine expectations of its friends were more than answered. It produced more eminent characters than any other College in the union has been known to furnish in the same space of time, and but for the law of a former Legislature, of which they complain, and which deprived the trustees of the power to employ the necessary professors, would no doubt have proved ever since of equal benefit to the state. With the funds to which it is entitled, the trustees are assured that the institution would again attain its former celebrity and usefulness.

Your memorialists therefore pray the General Assembly, to restore to Saint-John's College those funds which have been pledged to it.

Samuel Ridout, Lewis Neth, junt Lewis Neth. sen. James Shaw, -Alexander Cr.Magruder, Richard Harwood, of Thos. John M'Dowell, Ino Ridgely, Henry Maynadier, H. H. Chapman, Henry M. Murray, Jona. Pinkney.

A list of Classes into which subscribers to St. Jahn's College were dithe above memorial.

Class 1st from subscription paper nign Providence has lest open to the 1000 6 0 is conceived, may be accomplished Class 2d. do. 1003 5.0 Prince-George's county. 1006 10 0 Class 4th. 1003 0 0 ed at such of the above description Class 5th

Charles county. Class 6th. Baltimore. Glass 7th.

Class 8th. St. Mary's, Class 9th, The Rector and Visiling of Annapolis, School,

Some of the above subscriptions obtained from other coun-

nagers of the American Society for Colonising the Free Puople of in the House of Representatives Jan. 14, read and ordered to lie

To the Senate and House of Re-presentatives of the United States of America in Congress Assem-

The Memorial of the President and Buard of Managers of the "Ame tican Society for Colonizing the States." States."

Benectfully shows,
That your memorialists are delegated by a numerous and highly trecitizens recently organized at the seat of government, to solicit congress to aid with the power, the daironage, and the resources of the country, the great and beneficial object of their instruction; an object deemed worthy of the earnest artention and of the strenuous and persevering exertions, as well of every patriot, in whatever condition of life, as of every enlightened, philanthropic and practical states.

It is now reduced to be a maxim, equally approved in philosophy and practice, that the existence of distinct and separate casts or classes, forming exceptions to the general system of polity adapted to the community, is an inherent vice in the composition of society; pregnant with baneful consequences, both moral and political and demanding the utmost exertion of homan energy and foresight to remedy or remove it. If this maxim be true in the general, it applies with peculiar force to the relative condition o the free people of colour in the U. States; between whom and the rest of the community, a combination of causes, political, physical and moral, has created distinction, un avoidable in their origin, and most unfortunate in their consequences. The actual and prospective condition of that class of people; their anomalous and indefinite relations to the political institutions and social ties of the community; their deprivation of most of those independent, political, and social rights so indispensable to the progressive melioration of our nature, rendered by systematic exclusion from all the higher rewards of excellence. dead to all the elevating hopes that might prompt a generous ambition to excel; all these considerations demonstrate, that it equally imposts the public good, as the individual and social happiness of the persons more immediately concerned; that it is equally a debt of patriotism and of humanity, to provide some adequate and effectual remedy. The evil has become so apparent and the necessity for a remedy so palpable. that some of the most considerable of the slave holding states have been induced to impose restraints upon the practice of emancipation, by annexing conditions, which have no effect but to transfer the evil from one state to another, or, by inducing other states to adopt count ryailing regulations and in the total brogation of a right, which beuevolent or conscientious proprietors had long enjoyed under all the sunctions of positive law and of ancient usage. Your memorialists beg leaver with all deference, to suggest that the fairest and most inviting opportunities are now presented to the general government, for repairing a great evil in our social and political institutions, and at the same time for elevating from a low and hopeless condition, a nubers to Si: Jahn's College were dimerous and rapidly increasing race rected to be formed, referred to in of men, who want nothing but a proper theatre, to enter upon the pur-Anne-Arundel County and City of suit of happiness and independence in the ordinary paths which a be-

by making adequate provision for planting in some salubrious and fer-

tile region, a colony, to be compos

of persons as may choose to emi-

authority and protection of the U.

States, until je shall have atrained

sufficient strength and consistency

to be left in a state of independence.

Independently of the motives de-rived from political foreight and eivil prudence on the one hand, and

from moral justice and philanthropy

on the other; there are additional

tightened people. It may be reserv-

der Dieine Providence of con ferring a will at the pleasing mon the large and interesting portion of mankind, benefitted by that deed of justice t by demonstrating that a rate of men composing nametous stibes, spread over a conlinear of vast and unexplored extent, fertlie ty sud tielies ; known to the enlightened nations of antiquity; and who had yet made no progress in the refinements of civilization; for whom meats of arts of arms, that even this hitherto, ill-fated race, may cherish the hope of beholding at last the orient star forealing the best and highest aims and attributes of man. Out of such materials to rear the glorious edifice of well ordeted and polished society, upon the drep and sure foundations of equal laws and diffusive education, would givera sufficient title to be entoiled among the illustrious benefactors of mankind; while it afforded a precions and consolatory evidence of the all prevailing power of liberty enlightened by knowledge and corrected by religion. If the experiment, in its remote consequences, should ultimately tend to the diffusion of similar blessings through those vast regions and unnumbered tribes, yet obscured in primeval darkness; reclaint the rude wanderer, from a life of wretchedness, to civilization and humanity; and convert the blind idolater, from gross and abject superstitions, to the holy charities, the sublime morality and humanizing discipline of the Gospel; the nation, or the individual, that shall have taken the most conspicuous lead in achieving the benignant enterprize, will have raised a monument of that true and imperishable glory, founded in the mortal approbation and gratitude of the human race funapproachable to all but the elected instruments of divine beneficence:- a glory, with which the most spiendid achievements of human force or power must sink in the competition, and appear insignificant and vulgar in the comparison. And above all should it be considered, that the nation or the individual, whose energies have been faithfully given to this august work, will have secured, by this exalted benincence, the favor of that being " whose compassion is over all his works, and whose unspeakable rewards will never fail to bless the humblest effort

to do good to his creatures. Your memorialists do not presume to determine, that the views of congress will be necessarily directed to the country to which they have just alluded. They hope to be excused for intimating some of the reasons which would bring that portion of the world before us, when engaged in discovering a place the most proper to be selected, leaving it; with perfect confidence, to the better information and better judgment of your honourable body to

make the choice. Your memorialists without premeasures, which it may be proper to adopt in furtherance of the object in view; out implicitly relying upon the wisdom of Congress to devise. the most effectual measures; will only pray that the subject may be recommended to their serious consideration, and that, as an humble auxiliary in this great work, the association, represented by your memorialists may be permitted to as piretto he hope of contributing its

BUSH. WASHINGTON, President.

From the Poughkeepsie Herald, Jan. 15.

Alrocious and unnatural Crime. The following extraordinary case of the most atrocious of crimes, has lately come to our knowledge. For its correctness in every particular we cannot vouch but the mournful intelligence has been received from so many directions, that we are inclined to believe it substantially

correct.
The public will recollect, that some 8 or 10 years ago, a man by the name of Jesse Wood, was executed in this town for having one was at that time alledged, and proving ed caused the death of his son Jo-

seeph Wood, The pld man persisted to the last considerations and more expanded in deblaring his innocence—and it views to engige the sympachics and now appears that the principal wice excite the ardor of a liberal and on ones, against the unfortunate of ness against the unfortunate, old man was his own son Kier, or Hezel ed for our government, (she first to kinh

in the out of the present a com-be had been guilty of perjury) and thus caused his impreent father, suffer an ignominious death! A just natural wretch, and would not suf- from the fer him to depart bence, until be mide a full disclosure of his aces. North-Carolina Also the for mulated crimes, in the presence of a number of witnesses. He then gave him a prospect of the dreadful punishments that awaited him hereafter. The miserable wretch after he had confessed his horrid crimes, declared that he saw helf open, and the flames ascending ready to de-

. May his awful death be a warning to others, and deter them from the commission of eyen the least of crimes. If the life of this wretch could be known, it is probable the commencement of his depravity might be traced to petty pilfering. Beware, then, of doing any thing that looks like crime, lest your end may be like his:

We have seldom Heard of a more aggravated case of crime, of the blackest dye, and nothing but a desire of doing justice to the memory of an innocent and much injured man, could have induced us to give publicity to this atrocious case.

Let the tragic end of the elder Wood be a warning to jurors-Let it be engraven on the memory of every man who may be called upon to per orm this solemn duty-ind let them remember, that it is far better for "ninety and nine criminals to escape punishment, than for one innocent man to suffer."

## MARYLAND GAZETTE.

Annapolis, Thursday, Jan. 30.

Legislature of Maryland. HOUSE OF DELEGATES. Wednesday, Jan. 22.

PETITIONS. From sundry inhabitants of A. A. County, to change the place of holdng elections in the second district. From John Ricaud, for a special act of insolvency. From Richard Up. degrove, to shut up an old road in Cecil. From the widow and heirs of Saml. Comegys, to sell a house and lot. From Peregrine Banthom, an old soldier. From William Randle, counter to that of Larkin and James Hammond. From Henry M'Kinly, and others, for relief relative to certain judgments. Severally referred.

Mr. Causin delivers a bill to incorporate The Specie Bank of Leonard-town Mr. F. M. Hall a bill to incorporate The Philomanthanean Society of Upper-Martbro', Mr. Frey a bill to make a turnpike road from the contemplated bridge over Susquehanna to the Pennsylvania Mr. Blakistone reported favoura-

bly on the memorial of the President and trustees of Charlotte Hall Higgins, for a special act. of the School. Mr. Causin favourable to solvency. A memorial from a mus the petition of Lewis Medley.

The house proceeded to the second reading of so much of the report of the committee of grievances and courts of justice as relates to judge Bfand. On motion of Mr. Stoddert, the

question was put. That the turther consideration thereof bet referred to the next general assembly? De The house then proceeded to the

examination of the witnesses on the part of the house, and on the part of Judge Bland, and after hearing their testimony, On motion of Mr. Potts, the

question was put, that the house a

Ordered, That no solemn adjudi-cation having taken place in the sixth judicial district of this state, upon the constitutionality of the upon the constitutionality of the law resting equity jurisdiction in the County courts, which was the foundation of the present enquiry, that the same be dismissed, and the Monourable judge Bland be deemed acquitted of the charge contained in the report of the committee of the rout to Ballmore. Grievances and Courts of Justice of the rout to Ballmore.

The report of the committee of Grievances and Courts of Justice.

Resolved unanimously in the affirmative.

On motion of Mr. Stodders, the question was put, that so much of the Report of the Counties of Market of the Courts of Market of Market

given to bring in a hill to pravide

Executive, with a copa Resolution of the legislate

In Council. Annapolis, Jan. 20, Istr.

time to call the attention of the grand use to the sate of the bald buildings in this city. Alony year have clapsed since any appropriation has been made for repairs, and dered necessary by natural down and many other causes, which not in so great a degree affect the property of individuals. We are d opinion that a liberal appropriation should be made for the purpose of preserving the State's property, and more particularly the State-noise and the adjacent buildings, If a sun sufficient for a complete repair in this property should be granted there can be no doubt it would ut timately prove to be a more sub. stantial economy than annual apple priations inadequate to the object and which can neither be usefally or advantageously applied. To this subject, we would most earnestly call the attention of your honour, ble body. We have the honour to be. &c.

C. Ridgely, of Hama Read. Mr. Stoddert reported on the me

morial of Philip Stuart, and other, interested in the Esheries of the Potomac Read Mr. Seth delivers a favourable

report on the petition of Solomor Summers—concurred in. Seven o'clock, P. M.

Mr. Potts delivers a memoral from sundry citizens of Frederick county, for the removal of Judge Shriver. Mr. Lecompte reported unfavor.

ably on the petition of Zadock The bill annulling the marriaged Robert and Elizabeth Young, of Co cil; was referred to the next gene

ral assembly.

Adjourned. Thursday, Jan. 23. PETITIONS

From Mark L. Descaves, Phon Mercier, David Easterbrook, William Robinson and John Howard, of Baltimore, is special vacts of insolvency. Frui James Jaffray, for the alteration of a docket entry. From Mithal Lovejoy, of P. George's, stallatin to a hogs head of second tobaco. From John Benner, an old soldie From John Street, of Harford, in lative to 'a road running through his lands. From Solomon Love, of Talbot, to be paid for furnishing certain British officere and spanes with rations. From George W. ber of inhabitants of the west precincts of Baltimore, against a separation from the county. Sett

rally referred. The bill from the secret !! change such parts of the consultron as relate to the division d Washington county into electron districts, was passed—yess Il mays 26—and sent to senate.

An affidavit from Zebulon Illingsworth, Esq. stating the sence and sickness of two brites

es material to his defence, was the

Adjourned.
Seven o'clock, P. M. A quorum not accending a membera present adjourned and a morrow.

The bill from the senate, entitle

Steddert, Posty, Warner, H. ymus. Prine, Showers, Hambleton lands, Seth. Banning, Denils long, Haynie, Pitt, Lecompte lart, Griffith, Beard, A.D. Mit hell, Thomas, Prey, T. M. Half, immes, Duvall, Roberts, Quinton landy, Potts, Taney, Howard Davis, Glenn, Driver, Houston, d Donald, Hager, Watking Lanresap, Rillgely, Prather Tomlin-

un—54. NGATIVE: Messri Selman, I. H. Dorsey, Jeconnika, Harrign, Sewell, radford, H. Hall, Williams, Scane

Two thirds of the whole house oncurring, it was decided in the firmative. Mr. Stoddere delivers ja bill to rovide for the licensing and regund lottery offices of his state-

Mr. A. D. Mitchelf reported faourably on the pention of John ennett-concurred in.
Mr. Stoddert delivers a bill

rovide for the sevaration of Baltinore county from Baltimore city, nd to repeal and alter all such arts of the constitution and form governmenwin relation thereto.

Mr. Ringshid reported favoura-ly on the petition of Peregrine antham—Read. Mr. Ridgely reorted favourably on the petition of homas Stallings, and others The peport on the memorial of

hilip Scuart, and others, interest-d in the fisheries of the Potomac, as concurred with-Mr Lecompte delivers a report lative to the attendance of the

seven o'clock, P. M. A number of Bills were read the ond time and passed, principally

a local nature. Mr. Thomas delivers a bill to take a turnpike road from Elkon to the scite of the proposed

idge near Rock Run-Read. Mr. Kell delivers a petition from indry creditora of William Holas, counter id his application for special act of insolvency refer-

Saturday, Jan. 25.

The bill eo establish a bank un of the title of The Planters Bank E Prince-George's, was -pased-228 29, nays 25. A message was sent to senate

oposing to adjourn the legisla the brat of February The house took up the consider tion of the additional aupplemenity act for quieting possessions, some time occupied counsel at the bar it was postned till 5 o'clock

Five o'dock, P. M. The house resumed the consideron of said bill, and the counsel the Bar having construed their rguments, it was poor ned until Adjourned.

Monday, Jan. 27. Mr. Stoddere delivers a bill to vide for the more easy adminisation of justice in this state.

PETITIONS.
From the exeditors of William ightman, counter thereto. From rightman, counter thereto. From record Dris, an old soldier. From aml: G. Griffith, to bring a negro to the state. From the Warren lanufacturing Company, for an act interporation. Then Wm. Done, in to the state in 9: 92 From aundry parsons in 1017 to meotiporate Shrawshury seemy, Poin George A. Smith Caroline, for tellet relanumbrus from the few court of stande) for forter to built cuts journ from anadry inhi-more cunty for forthous to prejects? Se ding prisoners victadist

rere a bill au

exportation sed yeas,

counterto Referred withe, bil Reeves to of Alexr. of Charles the first da The bill thodist Epi polis, was Adjourn

Hoye and second tim The resc ther Marti The bill the levy co the act for of Washing ment to an rouse in 11 rally passo On motio

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the house o

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The bil

Messra. Do day, to con Adjourn A messag House requ certain met give testim duct of Jud Ordered, Magruder,

be permitte The sup opening at street, was Adjourne creek; the

the several of minora parts of th the constit ment, 28 re on of oaths bill to enla vy court of the poor the adminis es of crime

Adjourn 作业 T The bill more danci bill to lay Geo. W. 1 collections passed.